

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

(Formerly University of Pune)

M. A. Political Science Syllabus

(CREDIT & SEMESTER SYSTEM)

Revised syllabus will be implemented with effect from the academic year 2020-2021 at College Centers

Savitribai Phule Pune University

Political Science

Syllabus for M.A. - II

Semester – III

List of Compulsory Courses (C= compulsory)

PO-C7 Modern Political Thought

PO-C8 Political Sociology

PO-C9 World Politics-New Developments

<u>List of Optional Courses</u> (O = optional)

PO-O9 Indian Administration - Structure and Organization

PO-O10 Political Thought of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar

- PO-O11 Public Policy in India
- PO-O12 Research Methodology

Semester – IV

List of Compulsory Courses (C= compulsory)

PO-C10 Fundamentals of Political Theory

PO-C11 Political Process in India

PO-C12 Politics and Society

List of Optional Courses (O = optional)

PO-O13 Twentieth Century Political Thought

PO-O14 Politics of South Asia

PO-O15 Election Studies

PO-O16 Globalization and State

M.A. – II Political Science

Semester – III

PO-C7 Modern Political Thought

Objectives: The purpose of this course is to introduce to the student political ideas, views and concerns of leading Indian thinkers. The course encourages students to understand and decipher the diverse and often contesting ways in which the ideas of nationalism, democracy and social transformation were discussed in pre and post-independence India.

1. Mahadeo Govind Rande

- a) Views on Social Reforms
- b) Economic Ideas
- c) Political Liberalism

2. Mahatma Gandhi

- a) Truth and Non-violence
- b) Satyagraha
- c) Concepts of Trusteeship

3. Jawaharlal Nehru

- a) Secularism
- b) Democratic Socialism
- c) Nationalism and Internationalism

4. Bhimrao Ramji Ambedkar

- a) Critique of Caste System.
- b) Democracy
- c) State Socialism.

5. Ram Manohar Lohia

- a) Caste and Indian Politics
- b) Linguistic Politics
- c) Synthesis of Socialism

- 1. Appadorai A., 1987, *Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century*, New Delhi, South Asian Publishers.
- 2. भोळे भा. ल., २००३, आधुनिक भारतीय राजकीय विचार, नागपूर, पिंपळापुरे प्रकाशन.
- 3. Guha Ramachandra, 2010, Makers of Modern India, New Delhi, Penguin.
- 4. जावडेकर शं. द., १९९४, *आधुनिक भारत*, पुणे, कॉन्टिनेन्टल प्रकाशन.
- 5. Lohia Rammanohar, 1976, *Marx, Gandhi and Socialism*, Hyderabad, Scientific Socialist Educational Trust.
- 6. Kamble Bal (ed), 2016, *Contribution of Ram Manohar Lohia to Indian Socialism*, Nanded, Anuradha Publications.
- 7. Mehta V.R., 1996, Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar.

- 8. Mehta V.R. and Thomas Pantham (ed), 2006, *Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 9. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch (ed), 1986, *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 10. Parekh Bhikhu, 1999, Gandhi, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 11. Rodrigues Valerian (ed), 2002, *The Essential Writings of B.R. Ambedkar*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 12. Singh Aakash and Silika Mohapatra (ed), 2010, *Indian Political Thought: A Reader*, New Delhi, Routledge.
- 13. Vajpeyi Ananya, 2012, *Righteous Republic: the Political Foundations of Modern India*, Cambridge and Massachusetts, Harvard University Press.

PO-C8: Political Sociology

Objectives: This Course will introduce the overall scope of the sub-discipline of political sociology. The focus of the course will be on the political sociology of power. The emphasis is on the nature of power in modern societies-more in the form of organizations and social formations than as individual power. Students are also expected to understand different forms of justifications of power and the role of ideology in this regard. State will be studied as a repository of power in society while class and patriarchy are two instances of how the nature of power is shaped by social factors.

1. Nature and Scope

2. Intellectual Foundations

- a) Karl Marx
- b) Max Weber
- c) Behavioral Approach

3. Political culture and Socialization

- a) Culture- Nature, Elements and Types
- b) Socialization- Nature, Importance and Agencies

4. Political Participation and Public Opinion

- a) Meaning and Nature
- b) Levels and Factors affecting Political Participation
- c) Role of Public Opinion

5. Political Development and Change

- a) Meaning and Nature
- b) Theories of Political Development
- c) Types of Political Change

- 1. Awari Vilas and Devare Suresh, 2012, Rajakiya Vishleshan, Pune, Diamond Publication.
- 2. Awari Vilas and Devare Suresh, 2014, *Adhunik Rajakiya Samajshastra*, Pune, Diamond Publication.
- 3. Almond Gabriel and Powell Bingham, 1966, *Comparative Politics: Development Approach*, Boston, Brown and Company.
- 4. Best Shaun, 2002, Introduction to Politics and Society, New Delhi, Sage.
- 5. Christenson R. et al, 1971, Ideologies in Modern Politics, Melbourne, Nelson.
- 6. Coser Lewis (ed), 1967, Political Sociology: Selected Essays, New York, Harper & Row.
- 7. Dahl R.A., 1977, Modern Political Analysis, New Delhi, Prentice Hall.
- 8. Geetha V., 2007, Patriarchy, Calcutta, Stree.
- 9. Gupta Dipankar (ed), 1997, Social Stratification, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 10. Krislov Samuel, 1974, Representative Bureaucracy, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice-Hall.

- 11. Milner Andrew, 1999, Class, London, Sage.
- 12. Pierson Christopher, 2004, The Modern State, London, Routledge.
- 13. Rajani Kothari, 1970, Politics in India, Delhi, Orient Longman.
- 14. Samir dasgupta, 2013, Political Sociology, Kolkata, Pearson Education.
- 15. Shah Ghanshyam (ed), 2004, *Caste and Democratic Politics in India*, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- 16. Smith B.C., 2003, Understanding Third World Politics, London, Palgrave-Macmillan.
- 17. Verma S.P., 1982, Modern Political Theory, Delhi, Vikas Publication.
- 18. Wasburn P.C., 1982, Politics and Society, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall.

PO-C9 World Politics-New Developments

Objectives:

- 1. The objectives of this course are to introduce the students to the contemporary issues and debates in the world politics.
- 2. The students would also be made aware of the dimensions of the making of the foreign policy as well as the role of Non- State Actors in World Politics.
- 3. They would also learn about the emerging New World Order and the challenges to it.

1. Foreign Policy

- a) Definition and making of foreign policy
- b) Factor influencing the foreign policy (Internal and external)
- c) Role of state in making of foreign policy

2. Intervention and coercive

- a) Methods of Intervention
- b) Impact of Intervention
- c) Cross- border relationship

3. Impact of world Trade on Politics

- a) World trade and behavioral of nation
- b) Role of MNCS and TNCS on national politics

4. Challenges before the nation

- a) Use of Military
- b) Terrorism
- c) Ethnic Problems
- d) Refugees

5. Environmental Issues and the nation

- a) Environmental depletion
- b) Effort mode by the nation for environmental awareness
- c) Feminism

- 1. Awari Vilas, 2020, India's Foreign Policy, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 2. Awari Vilas, 2020, International Relation, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 3. Baylis John and Steve Smith, 2005, *The Globalization of World Politics*, London, Oxford University Press.
- 4. J. Shivananda, 2006, Human Rights: Concepts and Issues, New Delhi, Alfa Publications.
- 5. James Lutz and Brenda Lutz, 2008, *Global Terrorism*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 6. Kegley Jr. Charles W. and Eugene R. Wittkopf, 2005, *World Politics: Trend and Transformation*, Belmont and Thmont, Thomson Wodsworth.
- 7. Maqbool Hasan, 2006, International terrorism, Delhi, Maxford Books.

- 8. Nicholson Michael, 2005, *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*, New York, Palgrave-Macmillan.
- 9. Paul R. Viotti and Mark V. Kauppi, 2007, *International Relations and World Politics*, New Delhi, Pearson education.
- 10. P. Glibert-Terrorism, 1995, Security and Nationality, London and New York, Routledge,
- 11. Ronald K Mitchell, 2009, International Environmental Politics, Delhi, Sage.
- 12. Sayyad Yasin Gulabbhai, 2020, *International Relation and Global Politics*, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 13. W. R. Thmpson, 2001, *Evolutionary Interpretations of World Politic*, New York, Routledge.

Optional Papers

PO-O9 Indian Administration – Structure and Organization

Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the students to the evolution of Indian Administration.
- 2. To acquaint them with the Principles and structure of Indian Administration.
- 3. To provide comprehensive understanding of administrative development.

1. Evolution and Constitutional Framework

- a) Evolution: Ancient, Medieval and British periods
- b) Constitutional Framework: Parliamentary and Federal Features
- c) Salient Features Indian Administration

2. Central Administration

- a) Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- b) Central and Cabinet Secretariat
- c) Prime Minister Office

3. Civil Services in India

- a) Classification- All India Central and State Services
- b) Recruitment Agencies- Union Public Service Commission and State Union Public Service
- c) Capacity Building of Civil Servants and Civil Service Reforms

4. State Administration

- a) Chief Minister and Council of Ministers
- b) Chief Secretary, State Secretariat and Directorates
- c) Chief Minister Office

5. Issues in Indian Administration

- a) Citizen Grievance Redressal Mechanism- Lok Pal, Lokayuta and Central Vigilance Commission
- b) Politician and Civil Servants Relations
- c) Combating Corruption / Generalists and Specialists Debate

- 1. Avasthi A. 1980, Central Administration, New Delhi, Tata Mc graw Hill.
- 2. Chanda Ashok, 1967, Indian Administration, London, Allen and Unwin.
- 3. Jain, R. B., 1976, *Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration*, New Delhi, Vishal Publications.
- 4. Johari J.C., 1977, Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi, Vishal Publications.
- 5. Khera, S.S., 1975, The Central Executive, New Delhi, Orient Longman.
- 6. Maheshwari S.R., 2005, Indian Administration, New Delhi, Orient Longman.

- 7. Misra B.B., 1970, The Administrative History of India, London, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Muttalib, M.A., 1967, Union Public Service Commission, New Delhi, I.I.P.A.
- 9. Prasad Bishwanath, 1968, *The Indian Administrative Service*; Delhi, S. Chand and Company.
- 10. Puri, K.K., 2006, Indian Administration, Jalandhar, Bharat Prakashan.
- 11. Singh Hoshiar and Singh Mohinder, 1989, *Public Administration in India: Theory and Practice*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Private Ltd.
- 12. Subramaniam Malathi, 1987, *Management of Public Administration*, Delhi, Deputy Publications.
- 13. Subramaniam, V., 1971, *Social Background of India's Administrators*, New Delhi. Publication Division Government of India.

PO-O10 Political Thought of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar

Objectives: This course aims at training the students to study one political thinker in depth. It also expects students to know the anti-caste thinking in Indian context. The course is also expected to relate the thinking of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar to contemporary problems.

1. Constitution Philosophy

- a) Role in the Constitution Assembly
- b) Views on the Indian Constitution

2. Views on Caste and Untouchability

- a) Critique of Varna System
- b) Annihilation of Caste

3. Thought on Social Democracy

- a) Liberty-Equality-Fraternity
- b) Social Justice

4. Thought on Indian Economy

- a) Agricultural
- b) Industries

5. Views on Religion

- a) Critique of Hinduism
- b) Advocrosy Navyana

- 1. Ambedkar B. R., 1968, Annihilation of Caste, Jullundur Bhimpattrika.
- 2. Ambedskar B. R., 1957, The Buddha and his Dhamma, Mumbai, Siddhart Publication.
- 3. Ambedkar B. R., 1947, *State and Minorities: What are their Right and how to secure them in the Constitution of free India*, Mumbai, Thakur and Company.
- 4. भोळे भा. ल., २००३, आधुनिक भारतातील राजकीय विचार, नागपूर, पिपंळापुरे प्रकाशन.
- 5. गायकवाड संजय, २०१९, *मार्क्स-आंबेडकर समन्वयी परिप्रेक्ष्यातून शिक्षण आणि रोजगार*, पुणे, शब्दसंग प्रकाशन.
- 6. Jaffrelot Christophe, 2004, Dr. Ambedkar and Untouchability, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- 7. कसबे रावसाहेब, १९८५, *आंबेडकर आणि* मार्क्स, पुणे, सुगावा प्रकाशन.
- 8. कसबे रावसाहेब, २०१०, *डॉ. आंबेडकर आणि भारतीय राज्यघटना,* पुणे, सुगावा प्रकाशन.
- 9. कीर धनंजय, १९६६, *डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर*, मुंबई, पॉप्युलर प्रकाशन.
- 10. खैरमोडे चां. भ., २०११, *डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर- अस्पृश्यांचा उद्धारक*, पुणे, सुगावा प्रकाशन.
- 11.मुन वसंत (संपा), १९९०, *डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर यांचे बहिष्कृत भारत आणि मुकनायक,* मुंबई, शिक्षण विभाग महाराष्ट्र शासन.

- 12. Omvelt Gail, 2004, Ambedkar: Towards an Enlightened India, New Delhi, Penguin Publication.
- 13. Omvelt Gail, 2003, Buddhism in India, New Delhi, Sage.
- 14. Omvelt Gail, 1994, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution in Colonial India*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 15. Rodrigues Valerian (ed), 2002, *The Essential Writings of B. R. Ambedkar*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 16. वकील अलीम, १९९०, *महात्मा आणि बोधिसत्त्व*, संगमनेर, मित्र प्रकाशन.
- 17. Zelliot Eleanor, 1969, *Dr. Ambedkar and Mahar Movement*, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Unpublished Thesis.

PO-O11 Public Policy in India

Objectives: The purpose of this course is to provide students an understanding of the policies framed and being implemented by the Government of India to realize overall development of the country. The course has been designed to provide broad understanding of these policies to students and help them analyze these policies. It also attempts to assess how these policies have shaped life of Indians in general.

1. History of Indian Public Policy

- a) Mixed-Economy era
- b) Post Globalization era

2. Regulatory Policies

- a) Environment Policy
- b) Information Technology Policy

3. Welfare Policies

- a) SC, ST, OBC and Religious Minorities
- b) Women, Children and Third Gender

4. Distributive Policies

- a) Food security Policy
- b) Reservation Policy

5. Development Policies

- a) Energy policy
- b) Agriculture and Industrial Policy

- 1. Chakrabarti Rajesh and Sanyal Kaushiki, 2015, *Public Policy in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Dayal Ishwar et al, 1976, *Dynamics of Formulating Policy in Govt. of India*, New Delhi, Concept.
- 3. Ganapathy R.S. et al (ed), 1985, *Public Policy and Policy Analysis in India*, New Delhi, Sage Publication.
- 4. Joshi Vijay and I. M. D. Little, 2006, India's Economic Reforms 1991-2001, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Kashyap Subhash C., (ed), 1990, National Policy Studies, New Delhi, McGraw-Hill
- 6. Kumar Avanish and Narain Vishal, 2014, Public Policy and Governance in India in Vision-The Journal of Business Perspective, Sage, 18(4) pp 257–260.
- 7. Mathur Kuldeep, 2013, *Public Policy and Politics in India: How Institutions, Matter*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Saumitra Mohan, 2018, Indian Policy and Development: A Manual for National Schemes and International Policies, Chennai, McGraw-Hill
- 9. Weiner Myron, 1979, Social science research and public policy in India. Economic and Political Weekly, 14(37), 1581–1587.

PO-O12 Research Methodology

Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the concept and techniques of the students.
- 2. To make the students aware of the different tools of research.
- 3. To explain the different stage of research such as research Design Data collection, Analysis and Report Writing.

1. Introduction to Research Methodology

- a) Meaning and Objective of Research Methodology
- b) Motivations and Types
- c) Approaches, Significance, Methods (Scientific)

2. Defining the Research Problem

- a) Concept and Need
- b) Identification of Research Problem

3. Research Questioner and Hypothesis

- a) Variables, Characteristics of good hypothesis
- b) Research question and formulation of hypothesis
- c) Directional and Non directional of hypothesis and its basis

4. Tools for data collection

- a) Primary data and Secondary data
- b) Developing Research tools
- c) Questioners, Reliability and Validity

5. Sampling

- a) Probability and Non Probability
- b) Types of Sampling

- 1. Budd, Thorp and Donohero, 1967, *Content Analysis of Communications*, London, Collier-Mac.
- 2. Buchanan W, 1998, Understanding Political Variables, New York, Pearson.
- 3. E. Terrence Jones, 1984, Conducting Political Research, London, Harper & Row.
- 4. Garcean, 2014, *Political Research and Political theory*, Boston, Harvard University Press.
- 5. Lane and Sears, 1964, Public Opinion, New Delhi, Prentice Hall.
- 6. Renwick and Swinburne, 1987, *Basics Political Concepts*, London, Hutchinson Education.
- 7. Smith Johnson, Panlsen and Shocket, 1976, *Political Research Methods: Foundations & Techniques*, Boston, Houghton Miffin.
- 8. T. C. Mc Cormicks, 1941, Elementary Social Statistics, New York, McGraw-Hill
- 9. W. Philips Shively, 1974, The Craft of Political Research a Primer, U.S.A, Prentice Hall.

M.A. – II Political Science

Semester – IV

PO-C10 Fundamentals of Political Theory

Objectives: This course introduces the students to the evolution, importance to the study of Political Theory. It introduces Political Theory as a distinctive area of inquiry. It is the integral area to the study of politics. It highlights debates in the field and places them in a historical perspective.

- 1. Political Theory: Meaning, Nature and Scope
- 2. Liberty, Equality and Fraternity
- 3. Justice, Rights, Citizenship
- 4. Power, Authority and Legitimacy
- 5. State, Democracy, Civil Society

- 1. Bhargava Rajeev and Ashok Acharya (ed), 2011, Rajakiya Siddhanta Delhi, Pearson.
- 2. Goodwin Barbara, 2004, Using Political Ideas, Chichester, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Hampton Jean, 1998, Political Philosophy, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Kamble Bal, Khandve Eknath and Jagtap Pradeep, 2014, *Political Theory and Concepts*, Nanded, Anuradha Publications.
- 5. Kulkarni Mangesh (ed), 2011, Interdisciplinary Perspectives in Political Theory, New Delhi/Thousand Oaks, Sage.
- 6. Kymlicka Will, 2002, *Contemporary Political Philosophy*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Knowles Dudley, 2001, Political Philosophy, London, Routledge
- 8. Pierson Christopher, 2004, The Modern State, London, Routledge.
- 9. Rege M. P., 2005, Swatantrya, Samata ani Nyaya, Mumbai, Shanta Rege.
- 10. Sayyad Yasin Gulabbhai, 2018, *Fundamentals of Political Theory*, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 11. Swift Adam, 2001, Political Philosophy, Cambridge, Polity.

PO-C11 Political Process in India

Objectives: The course will introduce to the student the key issues and details of the political process in post independence India. It will also try to develop among students a perspective to understand and analyse Indian politics. The aim is to help students understand the expansive meaning of political process as it shapes in the arena of electoral and party politics, in the form of mass mobilizations and as politics of interests.

1. Nature Of party and electoral politics

- **a**) One party dominance
- b) Competitive multi party system
- c) Collation Politics

2. Centre – State Financial Relations

- a) Distribution of Financial Sources between Centre and State
- b) Role of Finance Commission
- c) NITI Ayog

3. Centre-State Political Relations

- a) Role of Governor
- b) Emergency Provisions.
- c) State Autonomy.

4. Social Determinants of State Politics

- a) Religion
- b) Caste
- c) Language

5. Politics of mass mobilization

- a) Naxalite movements
- b) Farmers movements
- c) Civil society organizations

- 1. Brass Paul, 1990, Politics of India since Independence, New Delhi, Foundation Books.
- 2. Bholay Bhaskar Laxman, 2003, *Bhartiya Ganarajyache Shasan and Rajkaran*, Nagpur, Pimplapure and Company.
- 3. Chandra Bipan, Aditya Mukherjee and Mridula Mukherjee, 2009, *India after Independence*, New Delhi, Penguin Books.
- 4. Corbridge Stuart and John Harriss, 2000, *Reinventing India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Frankel Francine, Zoya Hasan, Rajeev Bhargava and Balveer Arora (ed), 2000, *Transforming India*, New Dellhi, Oxford University Press.
- 6. Guha Ramchandra, 2007, India after Gandhi, New Delhi, Picador.

- 7. Hasan Zoya (ed), 2002, *Parties and Party Politics in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Jayal Nirja Gopal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (ed), 2010, *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 9. Kamble Bal and Khandve Eknath (ed), 2012, *Challenges before Indian Democracy*, Pune, Diamond.
- 10. Kamble Bal and Jagtap Pradeep (ed), 2016, *Indian Secularism: Value and Practice*, Nanded, Anuradha Publications.
- 11. Kamble Bal and Jagtap Pradeep (ed), 2014, *Indian Democracy and Fundamentalism*, Latur, Aditya Publications.
- 12. Kaviraj Sudipta, 2010, The Imaginary Institution of India, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- 13. Kaviraj Sudipta, 2010, *The Enchantment of Democracy and India*, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- 14. Kohli Atul (ed), 2001, *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- 15. Sayyad Yasinbhai Gulabbhai, 2019, UGC: NET / SET Political Science, Kanpur International Publication.
- 16. Palshikar Suhas, 2004, Samkaleen Bhartiya Rajkaran Pune, Pratima Prakashan.
- 17. Shah Ghanshyam (ed), 2004, *Caste and Democratic Politics in India*, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- 18. Vora Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar (ed), 2004, *Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices*, New Delhi, Sage.

PO-C12 Politics and Society

Objectives: This Course expects students to understand the interface of politics with social structures and processes and how the nature of power is shaped by social factors.

1. Introduction

- a) Community
- b) Culture
- c) Religion

2. Inter-relationship between Politics and Society

- a) Role of State
- b) Nationalism
- c) Leadership

3. Politics, Society and Economy

- a) Inequality
- b) Class
- c) Caste

4. Social Movements and Development

- a) Anti Corruption Movement
- b) Nirbhaya Movement
- c) Environmental Movement

5. Issues in Society and Politics

- a) The Politics of National Identity
- b) Ethnicity and Gender
- c) Human Right

- 1. Awari Vilas.2020, Rajyashasra: Badalte Pravah v Bhumika, Kanpur, Garima Prakashan.
- 2. Christenson R.et al, 1971, Ideologies in Modern Politics, Melbourne, Nelson.
- 3. Dahl R.A., 1977, Modern Political Analysis, New Delhi, Prentice Hall
- 4. K. Samuel, 1974, Representative Bureaucracy, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Milner Andrew, 1999, Class, London, Sage Publication.
- 6. Pierson Christopher, 2004, The Modern State, London, Routledge.
- 7. Smith, B.C., 2003, Understanding Third World Politics, London, Palgrave-Macmillan.

Optional Papers

PO-O13 Twentieth Century Political Thought

Objectives: This Course provides glimpses of certain prominent intellectual currents that have shaped global political discourse in the twentieth century and beyond. It does so by focusing on major representative thinkers. The chief objective is to project the contemporary resonance and rich diversity of key perspectives, frameworks and agendas articulated by these seminal theorists and schools of thought.

1. Antonio Gramsci

- a) Civil Society
- b) Hegemony
- c) Revolution

2. Hannah Arendt

- a) Civic Republicanism
- b) Theory of Action
- c) Critique of Totalitarianism

3. John Rawls

- a) Theory of Justice
- b) Political Liberalism
- c) Law of People

4. Michel Foucault

- a) Power Knowledge
- b) Govern mentality
- c) Critique of Modernity

5. Jürgen Habermas

- a) Public Sphere
- b) Ethics
- c) Cosmopolitanism

- 1. Adams Ian and R. W. Dyson, 2008, Fifty Great Political Thinkers, London, Routledge.
- 2. Ball Terence and Richard Bellamy (ed), 2003, *The Cambridge History of Twentieth Century Political Thought*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Benewick Robert and Philip Green (ed), 1998, *The Routledge Dictionary of Twentieth-Century Political Thinkers*, London, Routledge.
- 4. Boucher David and Paul Kelly, 2009, *Political Thinkers, Oxford*, Oxford University Press.

- 5. Finlayson Alan, 2003, *Contemporary Political Thought*, Edinburgh, Edinburgh University Press.
- 6. Kohn Margaret and Keally McBride, 2011, *Political Theories of Decolonization*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Kolakowski Leszek, 1978, Main Currents of Marxism, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Kulkarni Mangesh (ed), 2011, *Interdisciplinary Perspectives in Political Theory*, New Delhi/Thousand Oaks, Sage.
- 9. McLellan David, 2007, Marxism after Marx, London, Macmillan.
- 10.मालशे मिलिंद आणि अशोक जोशी, २००७, *आधुनिक समीक्षा सिद्धांत*, मुंबई, मौज.
- 11. Parekh Bhikhu, 1982, Contemporary Political Thinkers, Oxford, M. Robertson.
- 12. Parekh Bhikhu and Thomas Pantham (ed), 1987, Political Discourse: Explorations in Indian and Western Political Thought, New Delhi, Sage.
- 13. शिरवाडकर के. रं., २०१०*, आपले विचारविश्व*, पुणे, राजहंस.
- 14. Trivey Leonard and Anthony Wright, 1992, *Political Thought since 1945*, Aldershot, Edward Elgar.
- 15. Zuckert Catherine (ed), 2011, *Political Philosophy in the Twentieth Century*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

PO-O14 Politics of South Asia

Objectives: The course introduces students to the region of South Asia and its shared geopolitical context. It also allows students to understand cross-national comparisons and international relations across similar cases of political systems. Thirdly, the course will introduce students to the political, social and economical phenomena that shaped the region of South Asia. Finally, the course makes students understand the struggle and challenges of the regional cooperation in South Asia

1. South Asia as a Region

- a) Geopolitical Characteristics
- b) Historical Background: colonialism and the emergence of independent states
- c) Nation building: Objectives and impediments

2. Political Institutions at Work

- a) Struggle for Democracy
- b) Role of the Military

3. Politics of Social Divisions and Human Rights

- a) Caste, Language and Ethnicities
- b) Issues of Minorities
- c) Violation and protection of Human Rights

4. Inter-State Conflicts

- a) Border disputes
- b) Cross-border terrorism
- c) Nuclearisation

5. Regionalism and Regional Organisations

a) Regionalism

- b) South Asian Regionalism in the context of globalization
- c) South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation

- 1. Ahmed Ishtiaq, 1996, *State, Nation and Ethnicity in Contemporary South Asia*, London, Pinter.
- 2. आवारी विलास,२०२०, *भारत व सार्क*, (ई-पुस्तक) अमेझॉन एशिया पॉसिफिक होल्डींग्ज प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड.
- 3. Bjorkman Jemes W. (ed), 1991, *Fundamentalism, Revivalists and Violence in South Asia*, Delhi, Manohar.
- 4. Bose Sugata and Ayesha Jalal, 1998, *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Brass Paul R. (ed), 2010, *Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics*, London & New York, Routledge.

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- 7. Gellner David N. and Hachhethee Krishna (ed), 2008, *Local Democracy in South Asia*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 8. Guneratne Arjun and Anita M Weiss (ed), 2014, *Pathways to Power: the Domestic Politics of South Asia*, Hyderabad, Orient Blackswan.
- 9. Jalal Ayesha, 1995, *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Phadnis Urmila, 1991, *Ethnicity and Nation-Building in South Asia*, New Delhi, Manohar.
- 11. Sayyad Yasin Gulabbhai, 2018, Politics of South Asia, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 12. SDSA Team, 2008, *State of Democracy in South Asia*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 13. Shastri Amita and Wilson Jayaratnam (ed), 2001, *The Post-Colonial States of South Asia: Democracy, Identity, Development and Security*, Richmond, Curzon Press.
- 14. Spencer Jonathan, 2007, Anthropology, Politics and State: Democracy and Violence in South Asia, Cambridge, New York, Cambridge University Press.
- 15. Thakur Ramesh and Wiggen Oddney (ed) 2004, *South Asia in the world: Security, Sustainable Development and Good Governance,* Tokyo, United Nations University Press.
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- 17. विजापूर अब्दुलरहीम, देवरे सुरेश (अनु), २०२०, *मानवी हक्क व आंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंध*, (ई-पुस्तक) अमेझॉन एशिया पॉसिफिक होल्डींग्ज प्रायव्हेट लिमिटेड.
- 18. यादव योग, सुहास पळशीकर, पीटर आर. डिसूझा, २०१०, *लोकशाही जिंदाबाद*, पुणे, समकालीन.

PO-O15 Election Studies

Objectives: - This course has a dual purpose. It seeks to introduce to the students the methods of studying elections. It also seeks to acquaint the student with the practice of studying elections in India and issues involved in it. The course expects students to understand the different methods of election study. Taking off from the history and evolution of election studies, the course further dwells on key issues in India's electoral politics.

1. History of Election Studies

- a) Meaning and Importance
- b) Demand and Development of Representation
- c) Election Studies in India

2. Overview of Elections in India

- a) Election Commission
- b) i. People's Representation Act ii. Model Code of conduct
- c) Landmark Elections: 1952, 1967, 1977, 1996, 2004 and 2014

3. Research Methods

- a) Serve
- b) Field study and Ethnographic Studies
- c) Data Analysis

4. Major Determinants of Election

- a) Social Identities
- b) Media
- c) Funding

5. Practices of Election Commission of India

- a) Electoral Awareness Program
- b) Prevention from Malpractices in Election
- c) Electoral Reforms

- 1. Chopra Kumar, 1989, Politics of Election Reforms in India, Delhi, Mittal publication.
- 2. Kumar Sanjay and Rai Praveen, 2013, *Measuring Voting Behavior in India*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 3. Kumar Sanjay, 2013, *Changing Electoral Politics in Delhi from Caste to Class*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 4. Larry Diamond and Marc F. Plattner (ed), 2008, *How People View Democracy*, Baltimore, Johns Hopkins University.
- 5. Palshikar Suhas, (2013), "Election Studies", in K.C. Suri (ed), *Indian Democracy, Volume 2, ICSSR Research Surveys and Explorations: Political Science*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.

- 6. Suhas Palshikar, Suri K.C. and Yadav Yogendra (ed) 2014, *Party Competition in Indian States Electoral Politics in Post Congress Polity*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Paul Wallace and Ramashray Roy, 2003, *India's 1999 elections and 20th century politics*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 8. Roy Ramashray and Paul Wallace (ed), 2007, *India's 2004 Elections: Grass- Roots And National Perspectives*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 9. Rajendra Vora and Suhas Palshikar, 2004, Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices, New Delhi, Sage.

PO-O16 Globalisation and State

Objectives:

- 1. The purpose of this course is to understand the nature of globalization & its impact on the nation states.
- 2. To help the students of understand the responses of the state to the process of Globalization.

1. Understanding Globalization

- a) Concept of Globalization
- b) Historical perspectives and evolution

2. Globalization, Civil Society and State

- a) Civil Society and State: An Interface
- b) Changing Nature of Civil Society after Globalization

3. Challenges to the Nation-State

- a) Issue of Legitimacy
- b) Sub-nationalism

4. The Security Dilemma of Post Colonial States

- a) Domestic Dimension
- b) International Dimension

5. Globalization and developing World

- a) Impact of Globalization on developing Societies
- b) Globalization and the Response of the Developing Countries.

- **1.** Sorensen George, 2001, *Changes in Statehood-The transformation of international Relations*, Hampshire, Palgrave.
- **2.** Leibfried Stephan and Michael Zurn, 2005, *Transformations of the State*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Clark Ian, 1999, *Globalization and International Relations theory*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Basu Rumki, 2008, *Globalization and the Changing Role of State: Issues and Impact*, New Delhi, New Dawn Press.
- 5. Misra Ramesh, 1999, *Globalization and the Welfare State*, UK. Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.
- 6. Holtan R. J., 1998, *Globalization and the Nation State*, Macmillan, Palgrave.
- 7. Sayyad Yasibhai Gulabbhai, 2020, *International Relation and Global Politics*, Kanpur, International Publication.
- 8. Sayyad Yasibhai Gulabbhai, 2020, UGC NET/SET Political Science, Kanpur, International Publication.